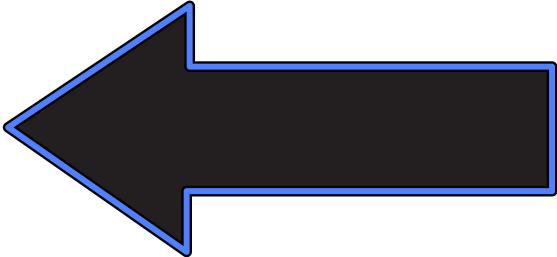


State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge St. Lucie County, Florida FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

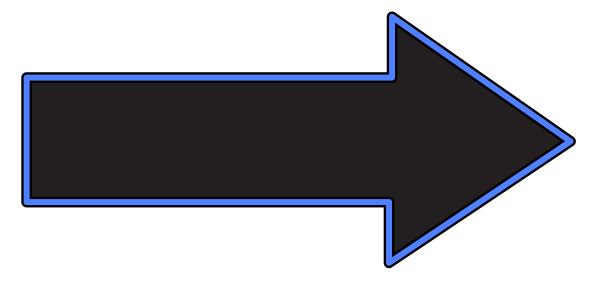
PUBLIC MEETING





State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

PUBLIC MEETING





State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

Contact

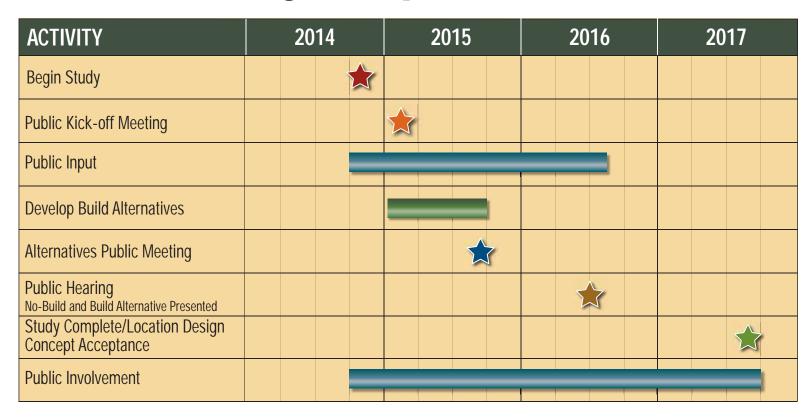
Donovan Pessoa, P.E.
Project Manager
Florida Department of Transportation
District Four
3400 West Commercial Blvd.
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309-3421
(954) 777-4442

www.SRA1ANORTHBRIDGE.com



State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
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PD&E Study Proposed Schedule





State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge St. Lucie County, Florida FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

Location Map





State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

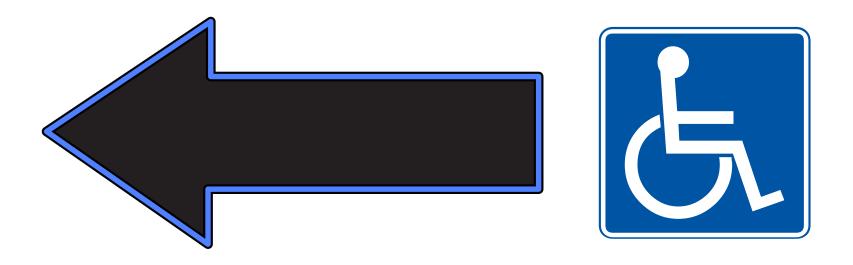
Welcome

Florida Department of Transportation District Four Alternatives Public Meeting



State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

WHEELCHAIR-ACCESSIBLE WALKWAY THIS WAY

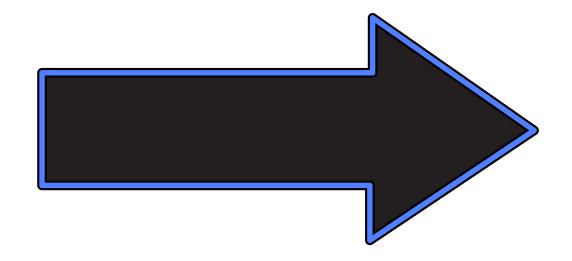




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WHEELCHAIR-ACCESSIBLE WALKWAY THIS WAY



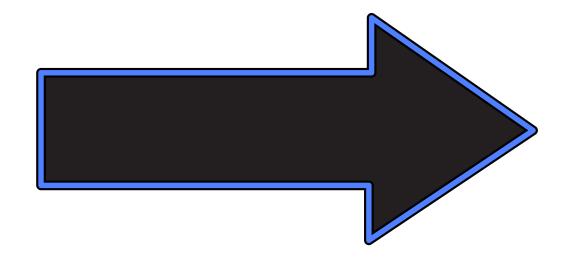




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WHEELCHAIR-ACCESSIBLE BATHROOM

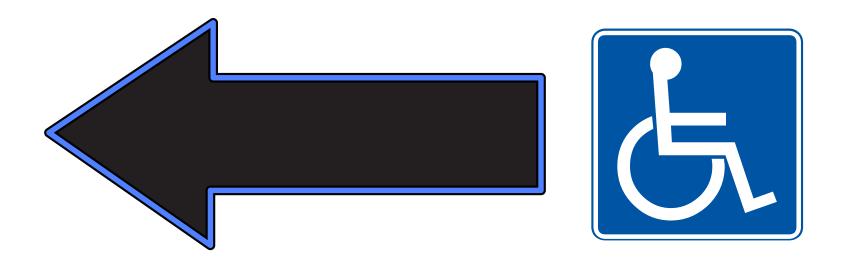






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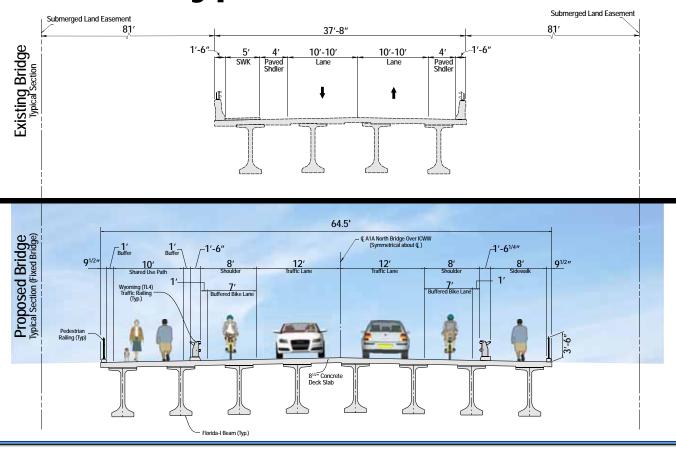
WHEELCHAIR-ACCESSIBLE BATHROOM





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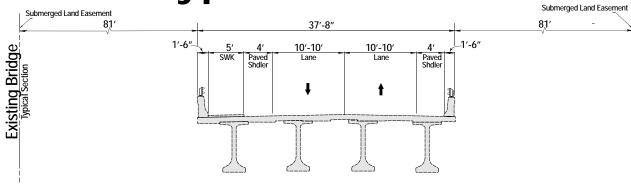
Typical Sections

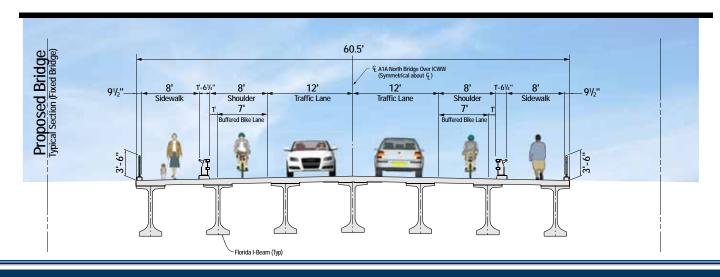




State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
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Typical Sections







State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge St. Lucie County, Florida FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

TITLE VI

The proposed project is being developed in accordance with the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and 1968, as amended.

Under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, public participation is solicited without regard to race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, disability or family status.

To express concern(s), please contact the following:

Adrienne Brown

Title VI Coordinator
Florida Department of Transportation
District Four
3400 West Commercial Blvd.
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309-3421

or

(954) 777-4190

Jacqueline Paramore
Equal Opportunity Office
605 Suwannee Street
Mail Station 65
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0450
(850) 414-4753



State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
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Evaluation Matrix *VERTICAL GEOMETRY ALTERNATIVES*

Symbol Description
 + The alternative meets or has a posit

The alternative meets or has a positive response to the Evaluation Category

 The alternative has no affect or provides some benefit to the Evaluation Category

NOTE: ++ or - - denote greater impact positively or negative

	No Build	25' Bascule	35' Bascule	65' Fixed	86' Fixed	86' Fixed (with temporary bridge
Benefit to Marine Traffic	No Change	The vertical clearance over the ICWW is the same as existing. Benefit to marine traffic is similar to No Build.	The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge and bridge openings will be reduced. This will benefit the marine traffic.	The vertical clearance above the ICWW is 65 feet. There are a few property owners to the north of the bridge that have vessels equal to or greater than 65 feet, but most vessels will be able to pass under the bridge greatly benefiting marine traffic.	The vertical clearance above the ICWW is 86 feet which will accommodate all known vessels owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge.	Same as 86' Fixed
Benefit to Vehicular Traffic	No Change	The vertical clearance over the ICWW is the same as existing. Bridge openings will not change and no benefit to vehicular traffic will be realized.	The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge and bridge openings will be reduced. This will benefit vehicular traffic.	++ The fixed span bridge does not open and will not impede traffic.	Same as 65' Fixed	Same as 86' Fixed
	0	0	+	++	**	++
Impact to West Approach	No Impact	SR A1A is elevated over the FEC railroad and Old Dixle Highway. All horizontal alignment alternatives provide access to the properties between the FEC railroad and the Indian River Lagoon (Iagoon). Some R/W acquisition is required.	Same as 25' Bascule	and Old Dixie Highway. All horizontal all alignment alternatives can be used to provide access to the properties between the FEC railroad and the Iagoon. Alignment Alternative SS had greater impact to Harbortown Marina located to the south of SR A1A. R/W acquisition is required. In the south of SR A1A between the and lagoon is too high to connect proposed ring road that would provide access to the properties. R/W acquisition is required.		Same as 86' Fixed
	0	0	0			
Impact to East Approach	No Impact	Horizontal alignment alternatives No. 1N, 2N and 3N impact the North Causeway Park. This vertical alignment touches down prior to the park and a portion of the parking area must be relocated.	Same as 25' Bascule The new bridge will cross over the corner of the parking area for the North Causeway Park, however, the bridge will have more than 16 feet of vertical clearance adequate to park whicles beneath the bridge. The driveway access into the park will be moved eastward.		Same as 65' Fixed but the driveway access into the park will be moved 400 feet further east than the 65 foot fixed bridge alternative.	Same as 86' Fixed
	0	0	0	-	-	-
Community Support	The existing bridge is structurally deficient and the Department has determined that it will be replaced. The community supports the replacement of the existing bridge, and the community would not be in favor of the No-Build Alternative.	Based on public input the community will only support a fixed span bridge.	Same as 25' Bascule	The community supports a fixed span bridge. Several boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge are too high to pass beneath the bridge.	The community supports a fixed span bridge. It is rated higher than the 65' fixed span bridge because all boats owned by property owners north of the bridge can pass beneath the bridge.	Same as 86' Fixed
			44			
					++	++
Evacuation	No Change	No Change	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve evacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge.	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island.	Same as 65' Fixed	Same as 86' Fixed
Evacuation		No	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve evacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic	This fixed span alternative does not limit		
Evacuation Traffic Operation	Change	No Change	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve evacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge.	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island.	Same as 65' Fixed	Same as 86' Fixed
Traffic	Change 0 No	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal affernatives cross over the FEC horizontal references are not seen to the second of the se	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve evacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating SR AIA over the FEC Railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65° of vertical	Same as 65' Fixed *** Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating SR A1A over the FEC Rallroad and Old Dible Highway. Doa't braffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be	Same as 86' Fixed
Traffic	O No Change O No construction activity	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal affernatives cross over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Bascule bridge construction is routinely performed in Floriad, however, it is more complex than construction for a fixed span bridge.	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve executation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. + The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit the marine and vehicular traffic. + Same as 25' Bascule	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating SR AIA over the FER aliroad and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65' of vertical clearance. ++ This fixed span bridge attenantive will utilize conventional concrete pile substructure and pre-cast girder superstructure, which is conventional construction in Florida. Special provisions will be included in the construction bid package specifying certain activities during construction to minimize environmental impacts.	Same as 65' Fixed +++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating SR Alfa over the FER Bailroad and Old Dide Highway. Boat traffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be able to pass beneath the bridge. +++ Same as 65' Fixed	Same as 86' Fixed ++ Same as 86' Fixed This alternative will require an additional 18 months of construction time.
Traffic Operation Construct-	O No Change	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal affernatives cross over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. + Bascule bridge construction is routinely performed in Florida, however, it is more complex than construction for a fixed	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve executation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. + The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit the marine and vehicular traffic. + Same as 25' Bascule	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating \$8 AIA over the FER aliroad and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65' of vertical clearance. ++ This fixed span bridge alternative will utilize conventional concrete pile substructure and pre-cast girder superstructure, which is conventional consistent will utilize conventional concrete pile substructure and pre-cast girder superstructure, which is conventional consistent will be utilized in the construction bid package specifying certain activities during construction to minimize	Same as 65' Fixed ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and cleaving SR Alf over the FEC Relitroad and Old Dise Highway. Boat traffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be able to pass beneath the bridge.	Same as 86' Fixed ++ Same as 86' Fixed This alternative will require an additional 18 months of construc-
Traffic Operation Construct-	O No Change O No construction activity O No Change	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal alternatives cross over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Bascule bridge construction is routinely performed in Florida, however, it is more complex than construction for a fixed span bridge. The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative has the lowest vertical elevation and is easiest for pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse.	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve exacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. + The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit the marine and vehicular traffic. + Same as 25' Bascule The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative is only about 10 feet higher than the existing bridge and the 25' bascule alternative will not significantly alter the ability of the pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse the bridge.	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating \$R AlA over the FCR aliroda and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65' of vertical clearance. ++ This fixed span bridge alternative will utilize conventional construction in Florida. Special provisions will be included in the construction bid package specifying certain activities during construction to minimize environmental impacts. ++ The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 40 feet higher two of for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and cleaving SR AIA over the FEC Railroad and cleaving SR AIA over the FEC Railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be able to pass beneath the bridge. *** Same as 65' Fixed *** The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, an 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 61 feet higher than the existing bridge. It will take the most effort of all vertical alternatives for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	++ Same as 86' Fixed ++ This alternative will require an additional 18 months of construction time.
Traffic Operation Construct- ability Bicycle/ Pedestrian	O No Change O No construction activity O No Change	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal alternatives cross over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. + Bascule bridge construction is routinely performed in Florida, however, it is more complex than construction for a fixed span bridge. The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanse a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative has the lowest vertical elevation and is easiest for pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse.	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve evacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit the marine and vehicular traffic. The proposed bridge typical section has two 6 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 6 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative is only about 10 feet higher than the existing bridge and the 25° bascule alternative will not significantly alter the ability of the pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse the bridge.	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. **This fixed span bridge and elevating SR A1A over the FEC Railroad and old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65' of vertical clearance. **This fixed span bridge alternative will utilize conventional concrete pile substructure and pre-cast girder superstructure, which is conventional concrete pile substructure and pre-cast girder superstructure, which is conventional construction in Florida. Special provisions will be included in the construction bid package specifying certain activities during construction to minimize environmental impacts. ***** The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 40 feet higher than the existing bridge. It will take more effort for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	Same as 65' Fixed *** Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating SR A1A over the FEC Railroad and Old Dike Highway. Boat traffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be able to pass beneath the bridge. *** Same as 65' Fixed *** The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, an 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 61 feet higher than the existing bridge. It will take the most effort of all vertical alternatives for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	Same as 86' Fixed ++ Same as 86' Fixed This alternative will require an additional 18 months of construction time. Same as 86' Fixed
Traffic Operation Construct- ability Bicycle/	O No Change O No construction activity O No Change	No Change O As stated (see Benefit to Vehicular Traffic) this vertical alternative is the same as the existing and no benefit will be realized due to reduced bridge openings. The benefit to traffic is realized in that all horizontal alternatives cross over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Bascule bridge construction is routinely performed in Florida, however, it is more complex than construction for a fixed span bridge. The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative has the lowest vertical elevation and is easiest for pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse.	This alternative has a vertical clearance over the ICWW that is 10 feet higher than existing. This will result in fewer bridge openings and will improve exacuation from the barrier island. It is noted that as a hurricane approaches land in the vicinity of the bridge the bascule bridge will be placed in an open position and no vehicular traffic will be permitted to pass over the bridge. + The vertical clearance above the ICWW will increase by about 10 feet. Larger vessels will be able to pass under the bridge reducing bridge openings. This will benefit the marine and vehicular traffic. + Same as 25' Bascule The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This vertical alternative is only about 10 feet higher than the existing bridge and the 25' bascule alternative will not significantly alter the ability of the pedestrians and bicyclists to traverse the bridge.	This fixed span alternative does not limit vehicle evacuation from the barrier island. ++ Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and elevating \$R AlA over the FCR aliroda and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve for all boats that can safely pass under a bridge with 65' of vertical clearance. ++ This fixed span bridge alternative will utilize conventional construction in Florida. Special provisions will be included in the construction bid package specifying certain activities during construction to minimize environmental impacts. ++ The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, a 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 40 feet higher two of for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	Vehicular traffic operation will be greatly enhanced with the fixed span bridge and cleaving SR AIA over the FEC Railroad and cleaving SR AIA over the FEC Railroad and Old Dixie Highway. Boat traffic will also improve because all boats owned and docked by property owners north of the bridge will be able to pass beneath the bridge. *** Same as 65' Fixed *** The proposed bridge typical section has two 8 foot shoulders that accommodate buffered bicycle lanes, an 8 foot sidewalk on the south and a 10 foot wide shared used path on the north. The shared use path has an additional 1 foot of clearance between the path and bridge rails. This bridge will be about 61 feet higher than the existing bridge. It will take the most effort of all vertical alternatives for pedestrians and bicyclists to cross the bridge.	++ Same as 86' Fixed ++ This alternative will require an additional 18 months of construction time.



State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

Evaluation Matrix *HORIZONTAL ALTERNATIVES*

Symbol Description

+ The alternative meets or has a positive response
to the Evaluation Category

0 The alternative has no affect or provides some
benefit to the Evaluation Category

The alternative has a goor or negative response

to the Evaluation Category

NOTE: ++ or - - denote greater impact positively or negatively

GENERAL	No Build	1N	1\$	2N	2\$	3N	3\$	4
Community Support	The existing bridge is structurally deficient and the Department has determined that it will be replaced. The community is in support of the replacement of the existing bridge, and the community would not be in favor of the No-Build Alternative.	This alternative is supported by the community	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	This alternative cannot be used for the 86 fixed span bridge and may not receive community support.	Same as 3N	This alternative would receive general support from the community, but the additional cost of the temporary bridge(estimated to be about \$18 million) will not be supported.
		++	++	++	++	++	++	
Consistent with LRTP	Consistent with the traffic requirements determined by the LRTP.	Yes	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meets Purpose and Needs	Does not meet the project Purpose and Need because the existing bridge is struc- turally deficient.	Yes	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
ENGINEERING		++	++	++	++	++	++	**
Traffic Operations	Traffic operations will be similar for the existing bridge and delays experienced currently due to the bascule openings will remain.	This alternative improves traffic operation because it includes a bridge over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie highway connecting the bridge directly to US-1. The new bridge with piper than the existing bridge reducing delays to vehicles using the bridge.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
Maintenance of Traffic	No construction activities would occur with this alternative.	The new bridge will be constructed next to the existing bridge. Traffic across the lagoon will be maintained on the existing bridge during construction. A new road will be constructed approximately 1200 feet North of the US-1 and SR A1A intersection between US-1 and Old Dixie Highway. This will be completed prior to building SR A1A over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway for preplace the existing connection that SRA1A provides between US-1 and Old Dixie Highway. The new road will be used fo route traffic from the existing SR A-1A to US-1 during construction.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	The temporary bridge will be constructed before the existing bridge is removed. Some delays will occur during switching phase when roadway connections are made from existing to the temporary bridge.
Drainage	Untreated runoff will continue to discharge off the bridge deck into the Indian River Lagoon.	All stormwater permitting requirements will be met. Runoff from the new bridge will not be discharged into the lagoon but will be carried off the bridge and properly treated.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
		++	++	++	++	++	++	++
Bike/ Pedestrian Facilities	No improvement to existing facilities. The proposed East Coast Greenway extension would not occur.	constructed from US-1, on the new bridge and will connect to the existing East Coast Greenway on the east side of the bridge.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
Impact to	 No Impact	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The new bridge constructed	++ The temporary impacts
Western Bridge Approach	0	to the north of the existing bridge. Access to the properties between Old Dixie Highway and the lagoon provided by a driveway located beneath the bridge. That driveway crosses over the FEC railroad and connects to Old Dixie Highway.	to the south of the existing bridge. The western bridge approach crosses over the existing south bank of SR A1A and affects a portion of the waterway adjacent to the shoreline. This results in access issues to the Harbortown Marina to the south of SR A1A.	to the north of the existing bridge. Access to the properties between Old Dixle Highway and the lagoon provided by a driveway. The driveway consists of one-way pairs with the eastbound driveway to the south of the bridge and the westbound driveway to the westbound driveway to the votent the FEC railroad and connects to Old Dixle Highway at two locations.	to the south of the existing bridge. The western bridge approach crosses over the existing south bank of SR ATA and affects a portion of the waterway adjacent to shoreline. This results in access issues to the boat dock to the south of SR ATA. Access to the properties between Old Diale Highway and the lagong provided by a driveway. The driveway consists of one-way pairs with the eastbound driveway to the south of the bridge and the westbound driveway to the north. The driveways to the north. The driveways cross over the FEC railroad and connects to Old Diale Highway at two locations.	to the north of the existing bridge. Access to the properties between Old Dixie Highway and the lagoon provided using a new road connected to the new SR AIA at two locations. The new road is located between the bridge over the FEC railroad and new SR AIA bridge over the lagoon. This alternative is only feasible for a bascule bridge or a fixed bridge with 65 feet of vertical clearance over the ICWW.	to the south of the existing bridge. Access to the properties between Old Dixie Highway and the lagoon provided using a new road connected to the new SR ATA at two locations. The new road is located between the bridge over the FEC railroad and new SR ATA bridge over the lagoon. This alternative is only feasible for a bascule bridge or a fixed bridge with 65 feet of vertical clearance over the ICWW.	will occur to construct the temporary bridge. The overall permanent impacts will be less than all other alternatives.



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Evaluation Matrix *HORIZONTAL ALTERNATIVES*

Symbol Description

He alternative meets or has a positive response to the Evaluation Category

The alternative has no affect or provides some benefit to the Evaluation Category

The alternative has a poor or negative response to the Evaluation Category

ENGINEERING C	No Build	1N	1\$	2N	2\$	3N	3\$	4
Impact to Eastern Bridge Approach	No Impact	The new bridge constructed to the north of the existing bridge. The eastern approach of the bridge passes over the southwest corner of the southwest corner of the weisting parking lot for the North Causeway Park. New SR AIA is higher than the existing driveway connection into the park that requires the park driveway connection to be further east.	The new bridge constructed to the south of the existing bridge. The eastern approach of the bridge crosses over a portion of the southern bank of existing SR ATA and the land mass protuding southward out from SR ATA about 500 feet to the east of the existing bridge abatement. The vegetation on the bank and a portion of land mass are impacted.	Same as 1N	Same as 1S	Same as 1N	Same as 1S	The Temporary bridge will cause temporary impacts. Permanent impacts will be less than alternative 1N.
SOCIO-ECONO	OMIC	-		-	**	-	**	
Residential/ Business Access	No Impact	As a result of elevating SR A1A over the FEC railroad and Old Disk Highway the eleva- tion of SR A1A is raised over 10 feet at the two driveway connections (one north and one south). On SR A1A between Old Disk Highway and US-1. Additionally, SR A1A is about 30 feet higher than the existing driveway connection for the proporation the lagoon. A new driveway connection is provided that is located beneath the proposed SR A1A bridge.	Same as 1N	As a result of elevating SR A1A over the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway. The elevation of SR A1A is raised over 10 feet at the two driveway intersections (one north and one south) on SR A1A between Old Dixie Highway and US-1. SR A1A is about 30 feet higher than the existing driveway connection for the properties between the FEC railroad and the lagoon. A new driveway connection is provided that consists of one way pairs with east-bound to the south and westbound to the north of the proposed SR A1A bridge.	Same as 1S	As a result of elevating SR ATA over the FEC railroad and Old Diole Highway. The elevation of SR ATA is raised over 10 feet at the two driveway intersections (one north and one south) on SR ATA between Old Diole Highway and US-1. Elevated SR ATA is about 30 feet higher than the existing driveway connection for the properties between the FEC railroad and the lagoon. To provide access to the properties between the FEC railroad and and lagoon a new roadway is provided that connects at two locations to SR ATA. This alternative is only feasible for a bascule bridge or a fixed bridge with 65 feet of vertical clearance over the ICWW.	Same as 3N	Same as 1N
	0	0	0	0	0			0
Business Relocations	No Impact	The business located between Old Dixie Highway and the FEC railroad must be relocated to widen Old Dixie Highway and for stormwater management. Due to the loss of the driveway into the properties between US-1 and Old Dixie Highway business damages may result.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
Emergency Evacuation		Emergency evacuation will improved due to the grade separation of the FEC railroad and Old Dixie Highway and the higher bridge which will reduce delays for vehicles crossing over the bridge.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
	0	++	++	++	++	++	++	++
Residential Relocations	No Impact	No residential relocation are required.	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N	Same as 1N
Recreational Impacts (Temporary)		O Best practices will be implemented during construction; however, temporary impacts may occur to beat traffic, paddleboard users, swimmers, scuba divers, etc. The new construction crosses over a portion of the parking area for North Causeway Park and the access into the park must be relocated eastward. Phased construction will be used to minimize inconveniencing users of the park.	O Best practices will be implemented during construction; however, temporary impacts may occur to boat traffic, paddleboard users, swimmers, scub divers, etc. The new bridge of SR A1A and North Causeway Park will not be impacted, however, access into the park must be relocated eastward. Phased construction will be used to minimize inconveniencing users of the park.	O Same as 1N	O Same as 1S	O Same as 1N	Same as 1S	O Same as 1N
	0		-		-		-	
Recreational Access (Permanent)	No Impact	The new bridge will cross over the corner of the corner of the parking area for the North Causeway Park, however, the bridge will have more than 16 feet of vertical clearance adequate to park vehicles beneath the bridge. The driveway access into the park will be moved eastward.	The new bridge will not directly impact the North Causeway Park, but the bridge touch down to existing ground is 400 feet east of the existing driveway and it will be relocated.	Same as 1N	Same as 1S	Same as 1N	Same as 1S	Same as 1S
	0	•	-	-	•	-	-	•



State Road A1A North Bridge Over ICWW
From US-1 to approximately 2,000 feet East of Existing Bridge
St. Lucie County, Florida
FPID 429936-2-22-01 / ETDM #14052

Evaluation Matrix *HORIZONTAL ALTERNATIVES*

The alternative meets or has a positive response to the Evaluation Category
 The alternative has no affect or provides some

benefit to the Evaluation Category
 The alternative has a poor or negative response
to the Evaluation Category

No Build 3N 38 Response time for the barrie island will improve because the bridge higher and traffic **Emergency** Same as 1N Response flow will improve. Construing SR A1A over the FEC ad and Old Dixi Highway will ensure that delays will not occur at eith location. NATURAL ENVIRONMENT - EFH IMPACTS (acres) Seagrass/ No Impact Seagrass 0.23 Mangrove 0.28 Seagrass 0.23 Seagrass 0.61 Mangrove 1.58 Seagrass 0.68 Mangrove 1.57 Seagrass 0.23 Mangrove 0.47 Seagrass 0.61 Mangrove 1.67 Seagrass 0.2 Mangrove 0.2 Mangrove Impacts Other No Impact 2.82 2.82 3.4 2.81 2.82 **EFI** Impacts 11.98 10.42 12.06 10.69 10.68 12.44 11.98 Floodplain No Impact **Impacts** (acreage - primaril over the river) Wildlife & No Impact 11 listed species with high Same as 1N Habitat (Endangered and Threatened Species) Historical/ TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD No Impact Archaeological Section 4(f) No Impact Use The existing driveway for North Causeway Park will be relocated eastward. Tempo-The existing driveway for North Causeway Park will be relocated eastward. Temporary impacts to India The temporary bridge will require a temporary impac to the park parking area. The existing driveway for Parks/ No Improvements to The new bridge will cross The new bridge will cross The existing driveway for The new bridge will cross North Causeway Park will be relocated eastward. Tempo-rary impacts to Indian River existing facilities. The proposed East Coast over the corner of the parking area for the North over the corner of the over the corner of the parking area for the North Recreational Areas/Trails rary impacts to Indian River extended over the lagoon parking for vehicles will be Blueway Trail and Florida parking for vehicles will be Blueway Trail and Florida parking for vehicles will be River Blueway Trail and North Causeway Park will maintained beneath the Circumnavigational Paddlin Trail during existing bridge naintained beneath the Circumnavigational Paddlin naintained beneath the Florida Circumnavigational he relocated eastward. bridge. The driveway access into the park will be moved eastward. Temporary impacts to Indian River Temporary impacts to Indian River Blueway Trail and Florida Circumnaviga-tional Paddling Trail during hridge The drive oridge. The driveway acc Paddling Trail during existing bridge. The driveway acces into the park will be moved eastward. Temporary impacts to Indian River into the park will be moved eastward. Temporary Blueway Trail and Florida Blueway Trail and Florida Blueway Trail and Florida existing bridge demolition Circumnavigational Paddling
Trail during bridge removal/construction. Circumnavigational Paddling Trail during bridge removal/ construction. and new bridge construc-Trail during bridge removal/ construction. PHYSICAL FEATURES Contamination 6 potential contamination 7 potential contamination 7 potential contamination 10 potential contamination sites identified. sites identified. Noise & No Impact TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD Vibration Air No Impact TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD Quality Water Untreated runoff will 2.71 acres over AP/OWF, but stormwater treatment will be No impact over AP/0FW. Same as 1N Same as 1S Same as 1N Same as 1S Same as 1N Quality Indian River Lagoon. The IRL aquatic preserve is located north of the bridg and the IRL is an Outstand ing Florida Water (OFW). COST Construction Cost Survey, Permitting, Design & CEI \$11,320,000 \$15,600,000 \$10.880.000 \$10,880,000 \$10.970.000 \$10,970,000 \$11,320,000 TOTAL COST \$59,280,000 \$69,360,000 \$61,780,000 \$72,200,000 \$66,610,000 \$76,340,000 \$82,900,000 TOTAL POINTS +5 -5

* Includes cost for 86' fixed span bridge